

Principles of ethically sound psychological conduct include:

- 1) beneficence--acceptance of responsibility to do good;
- 2) non-maleficence--acceptance of a need to do no harm;
- 3) autonomy--respect for others' freedom of thought and action;
- 4) justice--basing actions on fairness between individuals;
- 5) fidelity--trustworthiness to commitments;
- 6) respect for a person's rights, dignity, competence, responsibility, and integrity.

These ethical principles can be realized in the classroom, and a broad implementation of these principles is your duty.